



Scholarships and education support for children of incarcerated parents

Students impacted by parental incarceration are often searching for more than one scholarship list. They need a strategy for finding college money, understanding financial aid, spotting opportunities hidden under foster care, kinship care, hardship, first-generation, and local eligibility language, and deciding how much of their story they want to share. This guide gives families a public starting point. MFGP's workshops go deeper into the founder's firsthand college-funding search process and practical opportunity-finding strategies.

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+ WHO THIS GUIDE CAN HELP

- **For youth**
Start in late summer, complete the FAFSA in October, and never self-reject because of the eligibility wording.
- **For professionals**
Share this timeline with students in the spring of their junior year so they are ready to apply by fall.
- **For supporters**
Scholarships specifically for children of incarcerated parents are small but targeted. This guide points students to them and to local awards that often go unclaimed.

+ WHERE THE MONEY USUALLY COMES FROM

- **Targeted national scholarships**
A small number of awards are written specifically for students with an incarcerated parent or a justice-impacted background. Competition is real but far smaller than for general scholarships, and essays about lived experience are expected rather than penalized.
- **Foster and kinship care awards**
Many students living with a grandparent or relative qualify under 'foster, kinship, or relative care' language



even without a formal case. Read eligibility carefully instead of self-rejecting.

- **State tuition waivers**

Several states waive public college tuition for students who were in foster care. Ask the college's financial aid office and your state's higher-education agency what applies to you.

- **Institutional and local awards**

The college's own aid office, community foundations, credit unions, employers, and faith communities give out money every year that often goes unclaimed because nobody local applies.

+ A REALISTIC APPLICATION TIMELINE

Deadlines cluster in late winter and early spring. Working backward is the difference between five strong applications and one rushed one.

- **Late summer / early fall**

Build a list of 10–15 awards. Note deadlines, essay prompts, and whether recommendations are required.

- **October**

Complete the FAFSA as soon as it opens — many scholarships require it, and some state aid is first-come.

- **October / November**

Ask for recommendation letters. Give each recommender your list, your deadlines, and a short summary of what you want highlighted.

- **November / December**

Draft one core essay you can adapt. Most prompts are versions of 'what shaped you' and 'what will you do with this.'

- **January – March**

Submit in waves. Track every submission and confirmation email in one sheet.

- **April / May**

Compare award letters, appeal financial aid if your family circumstances changed, and thank everyone who wrote for you.

+ WRITING ABOUT YOUR EXPERIENCE — SAFELY AND ON YOUR TERMS

- You choose how much to share. A strong essay can name a hardship in one sentence and spend the rest on what you built afterward.
- Write about your own life, not your parent's case. Reviewers are evaluating you.
- Specific beats dramatic. One concrete scene is more persuasive than a paragraph of adjectives.
- End forward: what you are studying, what you intend to do, who it is for.
- Never invent details. If an application asks for documentation of your circumstances, ask a counselor, caseworker, or caregiver what you can honestly provide.



- Ask one trusted adult to read it. Our storytelling resources cover consent, boundaries, and telling your story without giving away more than you meant to.

+ BEYOND SCHOLARSHIPS

- **Campus support programs**

Many colleges run programs for former foster youth or first-generation students offering advising, emergency grants, and year-round housing. Ask admissions who serves those students.

- **Emergency and completion grants**

Small grants for a car repair, a laptop, or a past-due balance keep students enrolled. Ask the dean of students office, not just financial aid.

- **Mentorship**

A person who has done the paperwork before is worth more than another list of links. MFGP programs connect youth with mentors who share that experience.

- **Career and trade pathways**

Apprenticeships, certificates, and workforce programs often pay while you train. A four-year degree is one path, not the only one.

+ QUESTIONS FAMILIES ASK

- **Are there scholarships specifically for children of incarcerated parents?**

Yes, though there are relatively few and they are offered by nonprofits and companies rather than the government. Because they are targeted, applicant pools tend to be smaller. Students impacted by incarceration should also apply for foster-and-kinship-care awards, hardship awards, and local community scholarships, where they frequently qualify.

- **Do I qualify if I live with a grandparent but was never in foster care?**

Often yes. Many awards use language like 'foster, kinship, or relative care' or 'not living with a biological parent.' Read the eligibility section literally rather than assuming you are excluded, and ask the sponsor if the wording is unclear.

- **Do I have to write about my parent's incarceration?**

No. Sharing is a choice, and a good essay can mention a circumstance briefly and focus on your goals, work, and character. If you do write about it, keep the focus on your own experience and what you built from it.

- **When should I start applying?**

Build your list in late summer or early fall, complete the FAFSA as soon as it opens in October, request recommendation letters by November, and submit through January to March when most deadlines fall. Starting early is the single biggest advantage available to you.

+ KEEP GOING

- **Financial benefits & assistance for children of incarcerated parents**

<https://www.myfairygodparents.org/resources/guides/financial-benefits-for-children-of-incarcerated-parents>



- **Breaking Barriers Scholarship**
<https://www.myfairygodparents.org/scholarships/breaking-barriers>
- **Storytelling resources for youth**
<https://www.myfairygodparents.org/resources/storytelling-resources>
- **Empower Justice workshops & mentorship**
<https://www.myfairygodparents.org/programs/empower-justice>

More guides and family resources: [myfairygodparents.org/resources](https://www.myfairygodparents.org/resources)

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